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Wholesale Spirit Merchants
ESTABLISHED 74 YEARS

Agents for—

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WINE & SPIRITS.

JOHN DEWAR & SON'S
SCOTCH WHISKY.

JOHN JEFFREY & CO.'S
PILSENER BEER.

THE GERMAN THEATRE.

An "All-German" theatre league has been founded at Berlin, and an attempt is about to be made to "clone" the German stage of British and French influences.

Herr Hans Brenner, the originator of the movement, has just written a pamphlet in which he scathingly criticises German authors, actors, and playwrights, and calls for a real, national German theatre. He says that, so far as the war is concerned, German dramatists have played a nobler part than that played by French and English dramatists, for whereas the former have rallied to the cry of arms, the latter have simply uttered harangues on the origins of the war in general and German wickedness in particular.

Too much shallow, Macbethism, and d'Annunzioism, he maintains, have been seen upon the German stage. Herr Brenner says that the German stage needs protection against "the boulevard rubbish, the detective trash, and snob comedies which come from France and England." He complains bitterly of the German theatrical agents, who in the past have lured English and French actors and actresses—Rejane, Novelli, Zaccaria, Herr Beerboom Tree—as the expense of German actors.

The latter, he adds, are also largely to blame for the decay of the German stage, for, not being content to appear in plays which deal with life in the Fatherland, they were always ambitious to appear in pieces whose setting was a Paris saloon or a Hyde Park drawing-room; to wear spats or "entwags," or to play the part of a snobbish marquis or lord.

Herr Brenner points out that the French, not the British stage has been influenced by Germany. He quotes a whole host of startling figures to prove the extent of the "non-German" character of the so-called German theatre, but purposely omits the plays of Shakespeare and Moliere.

"We have Germanised Shakespeare and Moliere," he says.

BOCHE ARROGANCE.

A Typical Example.

It is a common belief among occultists that a nation may be assisted in battle by the shades of its departed warriors, and quite a number of people who are not occultists believe that such supernatural aid was accorded to our men during the Retreat from Mons, says "The Globe." A German periodical dealing with occultism has just published an article asserting that the Kaiser's armies are receiving assistance from the dead during the present campaign. But, adds the writer, "we doubt whether the souls of the enemy's are equally able to continue to fight, since a just God would not tolerate such aid." What an example of Boche arrogance—and lack of the sense of humour.

Following the example of Mr. Masterman, who, on leaving the "Co-lier," resumed journalistic work, Mr. J. M. Robertson, who left the "Globe" on its reconstruction, has again taken up the pen. Mr. Robertson began his journalistic career on the "Edinburgh Evening News," and at one time edited a review.

COUGHING INTO CONSUMPTION

"Only a Cough," but you stop while it is ONLY a cough.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

The finest preparation made for combating severe coughs. CURES any cough that is only a cough. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS
Prices: \$1.25 and \$2.50.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For Sale \$4,400

63 FOOT STEAM LAUNCH.

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND OF ONE DOLLAR (81.) per share for the six months ending 30th June, 1915 will be payable on MONDAY, the 6th September, 1915, on which date Dividend warrants may be obtained at the Company's Office. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY the 3rd September, to MONDAY 6th September, 1915, both days inclusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, August 30, 1915.

ISSUE OF 5% BILLS AND BONDS OF THE NATIONAL DEFENCE GUARANTEED BY THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.
(FREE OF TAX.)

THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE is open to receive applications for:
1.—Bills of F. 100, F. 500, F. 1,000, F. 10,000, F. 100,000 at 3 months bearing interest at 4 1/2% at 6 months and 1 year bearing interest at 5 1/2%.
2.—Bonds of F. 100, F. 500, F. 1,000, F. 5,000, F. 10,000, bearing interest at the rate of 5 1/2%.

The dividends are payable on the 15th of February, and on the 15th of August, of every year.
The bonds are to be redeemed between 1920 and 1925.
At the issue price of 96.50, they represent an investment of 5.18% net.
The purchase of these securities, their safe custody and also the collections of dividends will be undertaken by the Banque de l'Indo-Chine free of charge.
For further information, apply to the
BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.
Hongkong, Sept. 3, 1915.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS.

8.30 p.m. and 9 p.m., 9.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

SUNDAYS.

7.45 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12 Noon Every 15 minutes.
12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.0 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
7.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING, Des Voeux Road Central.

Season and punch tickets available for all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's time tables, but not for special cars, can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No Season ticket will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheques or Comrades order representing Bank Notes.

JOHN D. HUMPHREY & SON
General Managers.

SIEN TING.

Surgeon Dentist
No. 14, D'AGUIAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
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HAIR DRESSING SALOON.

Electric Facial Massage with
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By
EXPERIENCED HAND

Novels, Magazines,
Ladies' Fashion Books and
Toilet Requisites.

12, D'AGUIAR STREET.

Hongkong, July 5, 1915.

651

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE ASSETS OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,

and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS

ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1913,
233,822,185.

—Authorized Capital 28,000,000
—Subscribed Capital 24,500,000
—Paid up Capital 22,437,500

—First Funds 3,896,114
—Life & Annuity Funds 18,138,160
—Sinking Fund Account 98,513

232,581,238

Revenue Fire Branch 2,967,158
Life and Annuity 1,973,269
Branches 1,973,269

Revenue Marine Department 282,692
Other Receipts 430,193

232,581,238

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
Agents.

EDITED AND PUBLISHED BY S. KURIKI.

The first 1913 edition is already issued.

BIOGRAPHIES of over 5,000 people who are well-known in society and of several hundred foreigners associated with Japan appear in the book. Quite new materials and accurate sketches, both being utterly free from prejudices.

Many portraits are inserted. The book contains over 1,400 pages.

The price is yen 6 (12/6) or \$3 per copy. Orders for the book should be accompanied by payment.

Subscribers for the second annual edition of "Who's Who in Japan" will be allowed a reduction of one yen.

The registered postage is 18 sen, to Korea and China 40 sen and to Europe & America 70 sen or 35 cents.

It is a Good Advertising Medium.

Many influential papers of the world noticed this work in the highest terms.

For example, The Daily Mail says:—
Yet another "Who's Who" and this time from Japan! The reader is apt at first to regard it as a curiosity, as a sign that the East has now become Western practically almost to the last detail. But "Who's Who in Japan" is far more than a curiosity; it is a very sound and useful reference book. It is printed in English and contains brief biographies, on the selected model of government men in Japan. Mr. Kuriki is a skilful editor and has done his work well.

Who's Who in Japan PUBLISHED BY OFFICE, No. 5, 1-chome, Uchisaiwaicho, Kojimachi-Tokyo.

PATELL & CO.

Exporters & Importers

General Merchants

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HONGKONG, CANTON,
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HANKOW.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, ERECTORS AND REPAIRERS. BOILERMAKERS, FURGE MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS. WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.

Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK—737 x 88 x 34 1/2

Pumps empty Dock in 2 3/4 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES throughout the Shops ranging up to 100 Tons.

50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR—

JOHN I. THORNTON & CO., LTD.

ENTROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 150 H.P. As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR, VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS, LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, ETC.

Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address:—TAIKOODOCK.

Telephone No. 212.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL and GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART.

MANAGER.

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURIST HOTEL.

Telephone in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms, Roof Garden.

Terms—From \$5 per day and up.

Telegraph Add: "COMFORT".
P. O. PEUSTER.
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GRAND HOTEL

A FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL, most central location within the vicinity of all the principal Banks.

Noted for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine under European Supervision. A First Class string Orchestra renders selections from 5.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping.

For further particulars apply—
Telephone 197
Telegraphic Address: "COMFORT."

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.
All Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.
European Baths and Sanitary Fittings.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.

Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373.
Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA".
FRANK L. COOKE,
Manager.

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1885.

IRON STEEL, METAL AND HARD WARE MERCHANTS. Big Iron and Foundry Cokes, Ironworks, General Storekeepers and Shipbuilders. Nos. 35 and 37, King's Road, (2nd Street, west of Central Market) Telephone No. 516.

Hongkong, September 4, 1915.

If you happen to be late your name will be Courtesy and Promptly served just the same. Only at the ALEXANDRA CAFE.

THE CHINA MAIL

TYPHOON

MAP and

GUIDE

Enables one to locate the centre of a Typhoon.

MOUNTED ON CARDBOARD AND

TAPED FOR HANGING.

Price 50 Cents.

From the CHINA MAIL Office.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OF FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA.

SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES.

THE WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD.

WILKINSON'S INDISPENSABLE TO SARSAPARILLA ALL WHO VALUE HEALTH.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

HENRIKSON, DEXTER, CHEVROISE & Co., A. S. WATSON & Co., &c.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lbs. net

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

The Best Meals in Hongkong.

Either light or substantial

Available only at the

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

"While-you-wait" Photography

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH IN AN HOUR.

PRICE 2.00 per 3 pcs. for Post Card.

No. 8, Queen's Road Central.

TELE. No. 254.

THE KWONG HIP LONG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We own two slipways and can accommodate any craft of 200 feet long.

Town Office 48, Cross Street Road Central, Hongkong. Telephone No. 48.

Shanghai, Room 301 Po. Road, on Hongkong. Telephone No. K. 9.

Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

Hongkong, April 1, 1917.

BOURNVILLE DOCOA



The Cocoa with the most delicious flavour.

Made by Cadbury's from the finest Cocoa

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1909.

Hughes and Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE AUCTIONEERS
AND ADMIRALTY.

General Auctioneers
AND
Share, Coal and
General Brokers.

PROPRIETORS
"TO-KWA-WAN"
COAL STORAGE.

Codes used
A.B.C. 4th & 5th Editions.
AL TELEGRAPHIC CODES.

Telegraphic Address
MEIRION HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY,

the 7th September, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, a

A QUANTITY OF

VALUABLE TEAKWOOD FURNITURE, PICTURES, ENGRAVINGS, CARPETS, CURTAINS, &c., &c.,

As follows:—

One Silk Tapestry-covered Drawing Room Suite, Bedroom Furniture, Upholstered Arm-chairs and Sofa, Brass and Brazen-mounted Bedsteads, Side-board, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Table and Chairs, etc., etc., Dinner, Tea and Coffee Services, Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware, Cooking Stove, Cutlery, &c. by Lockwood Bros.; Shanghai Baths, Tubs, etc., etc.

Ramington Typewriters, Pianos by Broadwood, Brinsmead, and Cramer & Co., Electric Reading Lamps and One large 4-Fold Blackwood Screen, One Teakwood Screen Silk Panels, Blackwood Furniture.

One Ricksha and One Stevens 5-Shot Repeating Bowling Piece "20-Bore" (PRACTICALLY NEW).

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
TERMS:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 1, 1915.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCESSIONED)

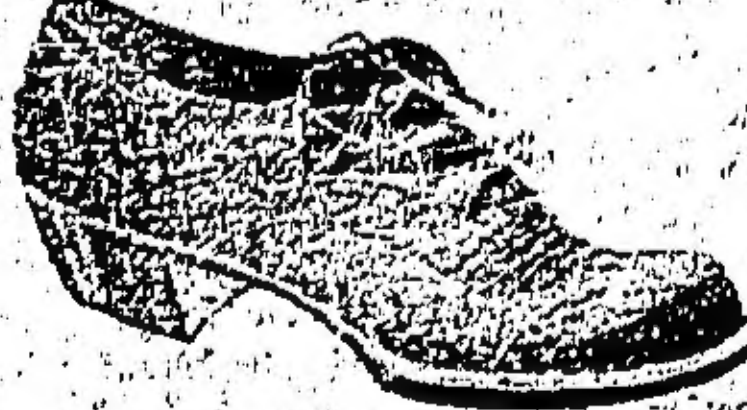
SATURDAY,

the 11th September, 1915, at 12 Noon, at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, ONE BIG TWIN INDIAN MOTOR CYCLE

15 h.p. &c., &c., (in good running order. Specifications and orders to view may be obtained from the Undersigned.)
TERMS:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
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Hongkong, Sept. 3, 1915.

JAPANESE MAKERS

Every kind of Footwear
MADE
TO
ORDER



OHERRY & CO.,

PRIDDER STREET,
Opposite Hongkong Hotel.
Telephone No. 491.
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON,

15, Morrison Hill Road.

FOR a good solid meal, a la carte or Table d'Hôte, with Wines & Liquors of the best, "ALEXANDRA CAFE."

MONKS OF THE SAHARA.

VISIT TO THE EARLY HERMIT'S SUCCESSORS.
A Fortress Monastery.

Stephen Graham, writing to The Times from the desert of Nubia, says:—

"I have come on horseback over red-covered swamps and burning deserts to an enigmatically-looking building which has the shapelessness and silence of a ruin. The cream coloured walls are lined, patched, broken, glaucous. It is a rectangular tower. There is but the entrance, and that is a small one and heavily barred. A bell-rope hangs down the wall by the door. Jingle-jangle! I ring the bell. The door is a long silence and I ring again. Then a dimly-heeled, bare footed monk laboriously unbolts the little door in the wall. I present the letter which I bear from the Patriarch, and I am admitted."

"The monks are pleased; all shake hands. I sit on one divan and five of them on another. A novice washes my hand, another brings me a glass of brown liquid—water full of molasses fibre in suspension. When I finish this he brings a glass of pink sugar water, then coffee all round—thin-looking with regular features, broad face, black moustache and beard, and with an open space showing the freshness of the lower lip, is talking. He has a towel wrapped round his brows for turban, and fingers black beads as he talks. Next to him is a comfortable-looking monk in a blue smock and a white knitted skull cap on his head. Next to him, an old fellow with a silver hair and feet, old yellow cane on the grizzled head, a ragged black rasclet over his grey under-clothes."

"What do you do all day?" I asked.

"Pray, read, sing," they answered.

"What do you think of the war?"

"The war does not touch us. If they come and kill us we do not mind, but we pray each day that God will bring it soon to a close."

"If the Arabs come, what will you do?"

"If they shoot at us we will throw bread to them that will be our reply."

"Do you have many visitors?"

"Not many."

"Do the Russian pilgrims come here to pray?"

"Yes, some."

"Are you content to live out here in the Sahara while all sorts of great events are happening in the world, and content to have no news and never mix with the people of the city?" In England we are too busy, one could not escape to a place like this even if one wanted to.

"I think there is room for everybody—one seeks money, that is his way; another does his duty and ploughs, that is his way. There are many ways. You knew of Martha and Mary. Martha was right, but Mary's way was right also."

"I asked how heartily I agreed. It was touching to obtain such a true reply away in this remote monastery."

CHRISTIAN FANATICS.

There were only 16 monks, and including hermits there would not be more than 150 of these holy men in the desert altogether. There remain but four monasteries, whereas in the fourth century there were several hundred. Seven thousand holy Christians and virgins learned of Ammon and his virgin, bride alone. Here lived many of the most eccentric of the hermits and world-deniers of the early church, the men who without knowing it gave Christianity a tremendous advertisement. The men who prayed to God, kneeling for years on the tops of high columns, the men and women who had themselves bound to crosses or laden with iron, the saints who tamped the heads of the forests, all gave to Christianity public interest and interesting lore. It became even fashionable to retire to Nubia and deny the world. Monasteries sprang up over the caves and cells of the saints, and gold and jewels poured into the monasteries. Art was bestowed on the buildings, and the churches, and colonnades, and the painted the frescoes on the walls. Not an inch of these little desert temples was left uncovered by Byzantine fresco.

But the Saracens came and murdered the cultured clergy, and tore away the jewels, as was fit, and rolled down many a wall, and pulled down many a wall. The holy brotherhood was annihilated and there was a 60 years gap in history. Then a wilder type of Christian took possession, converted Arabs for the most part, and they knew little Arabic and so brought Arabic gospels and liturgies. They repaired the damage and put up Arabic inscriptions, and built round their temples impregnable fortresses with walls with drawbridges at a height of 40 ft. They withstood sieges and perished.

To this day.

The abbot showed me round the monastery. The buildings were all a patchwork of ruins and repairs and changes. The frescoes had been whitewashed out in nearly every part. The old stained glass, broken and shapeless, was mortared in with new glass. And yet there was a real odour

ANTIPON IN HONGKONG.

Spreading the Fame of the Great British Specific For Rapid Fat-Reduction.

THE burden of obesity is so distressing and an unprepossessing quality, so difficult to get rid of with any degree of permanence, that the introduction to Hongkong of the famous British Specific Antipon will be welcome in many quarters. The preparation is not unknown here already, but the general public were not so generally aware of its existence as it is now.

Every important discovery of Antipon the treatments usually employed for the reduction of weight included starvation, dieting, and purging, together with mineral drugging. All these things are weakening in the extreme, and when obstinately persisted in, ruinous to the constitution. Antipon is diametrically opposed to such drastic methods.

To expel the superfluous fatty matter from the system is all very well, but the body must be amply nourished at the same time. Now, Antipon not only rapidly eliminates the excess of fat, but overcomes the unfortunate tendency to "starve to fat."

Antipon's strength-giving ability, and there is no need to dread that the extra nourishment taken will bring about a re-development of excessive fatty tissue.

Every dose of Antipon is a sure step in the direction of the recovery of beauty of form and vigorous nervous energy.

The decrease of weight is not a tedious process. Within twenty-four hours of the first dose there is a reduction varying, according to individual conditions, between 2 oz. to 3 lbs. The scales will be the mercurial recorder. The daily decrease is quickly satisfactory. When normal weight and symmetrical proportions are regained the treatment is no longer necessary.

Antipon contains only the most harmless vegetable substances in solution, the liquid being in appearance like a light red wine. It is palatable, refreshing and slightly laxative, and never occasions any unpleasant reaction effects.

Antipon can be obtained at all drug stores, from stock or in order, or in case of any difficulty a large case will be forwarded direct from the Antipon Laboratories, Store Street, London, England, carriage paid, on receipt of remittance for 11/6, or 22/6.

of antiquity in the place. The patterns in the ikons were but dust patterns, and the face of the virgin crumpled away as the abbot took the pictures down to show me. In a niche here and there left by accident were the original frescoes of the saints, their faces and bodies all of that unearthly and mystical shape and colour by which the early Christians loved to represent citizenship of heaven.

SIXTEEN HUMILIATES.

The lantern had a nail on which to fix the candles. The Conventual day was watched in the oldest vestments of the monastery. In a cupboard in one church they showed me the mummies of 16 Patriarchs, unwrapped one a little and showed me his dry brown flesh. The 17th Patriarch of the Coptic church, 94 years of age, and will be a basket.

"We give away twice as much as we eat ourselves," said the abbot, showing me the bakery. Here were hundreds of wheat loaves in long stone receptacles, good bread, but made dirty so that the monks shall not get to eat it. They showed me illuminated books a thousand years old, and the scrivener's cell where among many quills a monk still copies the Scriptures day by day. They showed me one chapel, the floor of which was covered with chilies drying, the lone room where every evening all the monks gather about the abbot to read the Gospel and discuss

breed and sores.

We went into the fortress church, the only entrance to which is at a height of 40 ft. by a bridge from the outer rampart. They showed me how the bridge could be drawn in, and the monks be secure from assault of arms. Upon the ramparts a novice had his duty beside a pile of bread and a stoop of water. When Bedouin beggars ring the monastery bell he answers them, bread and water in a basket.

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We went into the fortress church, the only entrance to which is at a height of 40 ft. by a bridge from the outer rampart. They showed me how the bridge could be drawn in, and the monks be secure from assault of arms. Upon the ramparts a novice had his duty beside a pile of bread and a stoop of water. When Bedouin beggars ring the monastery bell he answers them, bread and water in a basket.

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Over 30 years ago the late Lord Rose of Swinton wrote to the Editor of THE CHINA MAIL, "I have used your 'CURE FOR ASTHMA' and it has cured me. I have used it every time I have been attacked since."

CURE FOR ASTHMA

PAKED FOR 40 YEARS.
Sold in tins by all Chemists and Stores throughout the Country.
Beware of Imitations.

its meanings, and the massive door, 2 ft. thick, of wood and iron, meant to resist the Arab. In one room was a small cask, and the abbot took a tin mug and drew me a little wine—Communion wine. I drank half, he finished.

The monks were most kind, simple, and loving. I was an amusing spectacle at lunch. I lunched; everyone else waited on me. An Abyssinian boy washed my hands, two monks shelled eggs all the time and filled my plate, two others, stripped cucumbers for me, another kept helping me to eat milk soup, in which slabs of sugar were dissolved. The abbot stood above me with a feather brush, waving the flies off. At one time there were a dozen shelled eggs in my soup and five pared cucumbers beside me.

I lunched and slept a little; then my horse was brought out and I rode back to the village on the other side of the salt marshes. There an enterprising British company is producing thousands of tons of aquatic soda annually. The old hermits chose this spot in the desert because of the death-dealing odours which intensified their denial of the world, but in another era comes another point of view. Still, as the abbot said—there are various ways of seeking God.

THE CHICAGO RIVER DISASTER.

1,000 People Drowned.

New York, July 26.

The capsizing in Chicago River yesterday morning of the excursion steamer Eastland with the loss of a thousand lives ranks with the burning of the excursion steamer General Slocum at Long Island Sound in 1904 with the loss of 1,000 lives as the worst American shipping disaster.

Laden with 2,500 gaily dressed women and children and their husbands and when the steamer was waiting for first other vessels to be similarly filled with employees of the Western Electric Company, who were lining the wharves. A band was playing and more than 100 couples were dancing in the saloon when the order was given to loosen the life-rafts. One rope only had been cut off when the other ropes snapped and the Eastland turned over on the port side, the water rushed into the portholes, and more than 1,000 people on the upper deck were thrown into the river amid a bedlam of agonised screams.

The vessel drifted for a few moments on its side toward the centre of the river and settled down with its starboard side showing a few feet above the murky waters. For a quarter of a mile down stream the river was dotted with a multitude of bobbing heads of people drowning within sight of their relatives and friends ashore. Of 700 or more who were below probably not more than a score escaped by climbing through the starboard portholes on to the side of the steamer.

The Federal authorities have ordered a full investigation with the object of fixing responsibility for an apparently inexcusable disaster.

Nine hundred and thirty-four bodies have been recovered—Thirty.

NEW ARMY ARRIVES.

How "Kitchen's" Signalled Their Coming.

That village was of no more military importance than Greydon or Chowbent. But the Germans were blasting it off the plain. I heard afterwards they shelled heavily on that fete day (the 14th?). Many towns and hamlets behind the lines, says Mr. H. M. Tomlinson, writing from the British headquarters to the "Daily News."

I refuse to try and understand the German mind. To get its point of view; it is an insult to intelligence to ask it to waste time on that problem now, when, as in a case I know, a wounded father on one recent night watched in a hospital two of his children die of their mutilations—the last of his children, too, for the other three, and their mother, were killed outright.

So, filled with the sort of feelings you can well imagine, I returned to the road, and discovered, with a satisfaction you will share, that Kitchen's chaps were in the land. We have seen these men drilling since August last, on village greens, in parks, and other public places, and have wondered how they would shape when in France they got at the job for which they had volunteered.

INOLENT DEVIANCE OF THE FURY.

Here they are, then, now—the fore-runners on the field of battle—and staff officers have expressed to me their complete satisfaction with the goods, even their admiration. They blend so well with war that it is impossible to tell them from hardened mercenaries and other objects of that German contempt which is now never expressed. I heard the war pipes one day; and it is necessary to be in the place where I was then, with horrid rain about you, to understand the emotion which takes you when afar off you hear the inolent defiance of the pipe.

Along the road came a column of Scots in their shirt-sleeves, their tartan trousers, their gait and bearing such that you might have thought them veteran troops. But they were of the new army.

DON'T Forget after the show, to go to the

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

Open till Midnight.

C & B POTTED MEATS.

ALL DELICIOUS AND APPETISING. GAME, HAM, CHICKEN AND TONGUE, ETC., ETC.

Prepared by a celebrated Chef under ideal conditions of cleanliness and selection.

IN GLASS, TINS AND WHITE JARS.

ONE OF THE BEST OF

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CELEBRATED TABLE DELICACIES.

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The Best Remedy known for

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Diarrhoea, Dysentery, and Cholera.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

THE MOST VALUABLE REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED. Effectually cures short attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The only Palliative in

NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

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The Hongkong Ferry Wharf.
The Kowloon Ferry Wharf.
The Kowloon, Blake Pier.
The Upper Peak Tram Station.
The Lower Peak Tram Station.
Ah Choo (Queen's Road).
Wo Cheong (D'Almeida Street).
Lee Yee (D'Almeida Street).
Hung Cheong (Kowloon).
etc. etc. etc.

TO LET.

A HOUSE in Knaresford Terrace.
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, Dec. 3, 1914.

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THE Premises No. 88, SHAMEN R.C. Canton comprising Dwelling House, Godowns and Outhouses lately occupied by Messrs. F. BLACKHEAD and Co.
DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
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HOUSES in "TOKIES BUILDINGS" Kowloon. Cheap rental.
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HARPERVILLE, GARDEN ROAD. Seven Rooms, very large Dining Room. Immediate possession, house in excellent order, tennis court and garden.
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QUARRIES, In The Peak, two minutes from Tram. Furnished. Seven rooms. From 1st November, 1915.
Apply to—
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FROM 1st September next, desirable Six and Eight Roomed Residence in Broadwood and Wong-Wai-Chung Roads, the latter commanding a fine view of the Race Course.
For terms and particulars apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
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TO LET.

NO. 8, STEWART TERRACE, Peak; 1st May; unfurnished.
Apply to—
DENISON, RAM & GIBBS.
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HOUSES in OLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit Road.
GODOWNS New Prince, Kennedy Town.
GODOWNS at Wanchai.
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21, WONGNEICHONG ROAD.
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